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Dr. E. E. Grishayev Head, Department of Finance and Capital Investment State Committee of the Council of Ministers Moscow, U.S.S.R.

Dear Dr. Grishayev:

In accordance with our agreement reached at the November, 1973, meeting of the US-USSR Joint Group of Experts in the Field of Science Policy, I am enclosing for your consideration material called for in the Study Outline established for the exchange of information on the financing of research and development.

The material is organized into two sections. The first contains table shells showing the types of USSR research and development data requested by US analysts of Soviet research and development activities. The second contains table shells representing the types of research and development financial data which can be made available to Soviet experts on research and development activities in the US and related material on US collection methodologies, definitions and concepts.

Generally, the research and development expenditure data called for in both sections pertain to:

type of work (fundamental and applied research, development, construction of research and development plant)

type of research and development performer

field of science

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branches of the national economy (industry, agriculture, etc.)

cost elements (wages, materials)

size of performing institution

geographic location

sources of financing (budget, enterprise funds) and mode of financing contracts, direct funding.

The terminology used to describe the characteristics of Soviet research and development financial data reflect US perceptions of the appropriate terms based on available Soviet literature. Our perceptions may be faulty, and it is possible that better terms can be arrived at in further discussions.

Section I contains 24 table shells for which Soviet data are requested. The first 21 of these tables refer to science outlays (on research and development and/or construction) as defined in Soviet statistical practice. Since Soviet accounting differs somewhat from ours, and since an ultimate goal of our joint effort is to develop more comparable measures of US and USSR research and development activity, we have included three additional tables (Tables 22-24) which deal with expenditures not included in Soviet data on science outlays but are included to a considerable extent in US data on research and development in industrial enterprises.

Throughout Tables 1-21, terminology is intended to be uniform. Thus, in Table 1 "research and development" means science outlays excluding construction, and this is the meaning in which research and development is used throughout the first 16 table shells. Similarly, in Table 1, "construction" means capital investment for science only, and this is its meaning in Tables 4 and 18-20. Where a term has a more restricted meaning in one table than in another, this is specified: for example, in the tables that involve distributions of outlays by type of performer, "production enterprises" conceptually includes enterprises in all branches of material production; in Tables 17 and 22-24, it seemed appropriate to restrict the term to industrial enterprises only.

Please note that Table 21 asks for a distribution of research and development outlays by function or purpose but that no functional categories are provided. This omission arises from the difficulty in framing such a table in terms that do not simply duplicate either the functional categories used by the US side, which may not be suitable for classifying Soviet research and development data, or terms used in the distribution asked for by branch of the economy and branch of industry. We will welcome indications of possible functional categories Approved For Release 2000/08/23: CIA-RDP79-00798A000500090003-1

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for which the USSR side could provide data. The extent to which the distributions by branch of the economy and branch of industry approximate functional groupings depends of course on how the data are derived. We anticipate that many questions of this sort will arise throughout the study which will be clarified by providing explanatory notes with tabular material and by exchange of information on statistical concepts, definitions and methodology of collecting and aggregating data, as provided for in the Study Outline.

The years specified on the tables represent our notion of what data are most likely to be available in finished form in Soviet statistics. If, however, the Soviet side is able to provide data for nonspecified years, such data would be welcome.

Section II contains 38 table shells indicating the data the US side can make available to Soviet analysts on US financing of research and development. The tables provide for data aggregated to the national level as well as selected statistics for each of the four major sectors of the economy. We have included in Section II information on the definitions, concepts and survey methodology (including survey forms and instructions) used in collecting US data on research and development.

I look forward to receiving from you in the near future a list of the types of data Soviet analysts would be interested in receiving from the US side and the types of data on research and development financing available from the Soviet side.

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U.S. - U.S.S.R. PROGRAM OF COOPERATION
IN THE FIELD OF SCIENCE POLICY

Proposed R&D Expenditure Data to be Included in the Exchange of Information Between the U.S. and U.S.S.R.

Prepared by the U.S. Members of the Working Subgroup on the Financing of Research and Development

April 1974

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Аp	proved For Rel 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A0005000900	03-1
	1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1960 1961 1962 1963 1963 1965 1966 1969 1969 1970 1971	Υe
	0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	Year
-		
		Total
	•	
		R.
		R&D
		Co
		Construction
		tion
. <b>]</b> Ap	proved For Release 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A0005000900	03-1

Table 1 USSR: Total Science Outlays (R&D and Construction), 1950-1973

[Million rubles]

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Table 2
USSR: Total R&D Outlays by Type of Work, by selected Years, 1950-1973 [Million rubles]

Approved	For Rel 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A00 0090003-1	
	1950 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1973	Year
		Total
•		Fundamental research
		Applied research
		Develop- ment

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Approved For R	COCOMO CO	Year	
		Total	- DNR granter to the training
•		R&D Or Total	SR:
,		Organizations Of which: Academies	Total R&D O
		Higher Educational Institutions	Total R&D Outlays by Type of Performer, 1950-1973 [Million rubles]
		Production Enterprises	1950-1973
		Other	

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Table 4
USSR: Total Construction Outlays by Type of Performer, 1950-1973 [Million rubles]

AND TO COLOR OF THE STORY OF TH	0 <b>5</b> 0003-1
	Total
	R&D Or Total
	Organizations Of which: Academies
	Higher Educational Institutions
	Production Enterprises
	Other Organizations
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Total Total Science budget Direct Funding Other budget [Million rubles] Enterprise funds

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Table: 5 USSR: Total R&D Outlays by Sources of Funding, 1950-1973 Total Science budget

Contracts

Other budget

Enterprise

funds

Year

1955555 14555555

Table 6 USSR: Total R&D Outlays by Branch of the Economy, 1950-1973

[Million rubles]

	## Bariculture ### Bariculture #### Bariculture ####################################	Branch of Economy Total all Branches
	sciences, higher	1950
•	I I	1951
	educational institutions	1952
	tions.	
Approved For Release 2	2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A000500090003-1	1973

900 Beanch of Economy Mriculture Prestry Pansportation Ammunications Onstruction B/These data are requested for each year, 1965 through 1973. Sousing and municipal services **B**dustry Trade, supply, procurement Wydrometeorology Pology **聲**lucation, culture, art al all Branches Mer outlays not attributable ministration and finance to functional branches USSR: Table 7 Total R&D Outlays by Branch of the Economy and Type of Performer, 1965-1973  $^{a\prime}$ Total Total R&D Organizations [Million rubles] Of which: Academies Higher Educational Institutions

Enterprises Production

Other 00 Organization Approved For Release 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798

Table 8 USSR: Total R&D Outlays by Branch of the Economy and Source of Funding,  $1965-1973^{a/2}$ [Million rubles]

These data are requested for each year, 1965 through 1973 -de -e	Indestry Agreculture Forestry Agreculture Forestry Iradisportation Communications Communications Communication Trade, supply, procurement Housing and municipal services Health Education, culture, art Geology Hydrometeorology Administration and finance Other functional branches Other outlays not attributable functional branches		
each year		Total	
, 1965 th		Total	
ough 1973		Science budget	Direct
. •		Other budget	ct Funding
		Ent. funds	-:
		Total	
		Science budget	Cont
		Other budget	Contracts
Approved For R	elease 2000/08/23:CIA-RDP79-00798A00050009000	Ent. fun <del>d</del> s	

Table 9 USSR: Total Industrial R&D Outlays By Branch of Industry, 1950-1973

[Million rubles]

Branch of Industry	1950	1951	1952	1973
Totel all Branches				
			•	*
981 and gas				
Other fuels				
No语errous metals Chemicals and petrochemicals	•			
Semicals Petrochemicals				
Machinebuilding and metalworking  Beavy, power, and transport machinery  Bectrical equipment	•			
Lumber, wood products, paper Contruction materials Glob, porcelain				
Light industry Food industry		,		
Other industry				
prov	.*		, <del>-</del>	
Ar		e je		

Table 10 USSR: Total Industrial R&D Outlays by Branch of Industry and Type of Performer, 1965-1973-2/ [Million rubles]

Branch of Industry Total academies institutions	Ellerprises	or Sall Tactons
all Branches		
Entric power	·	
). ).		
and gas		
Other fuels	•	
Ferous metals		
Negferrous metals Chemicals and Petrochemicals		
Chemicals		
Machinebuilding and		
Σ.		
vy, power, and crais-	-	
Electrical equipment		
er, wood products, paper		
uction materials		
Light industry		
industry		

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USSR: Total Industrial R&D Outlays by Branch of Industry and Source of Funding,  $1965-73^{a/2}$ 

		[Mi 11 i	[Million rubles]						1
•			Direct	funding	: :		Cont	Contracts	
Branch of Industry	Total	Total	Science budget	Other budget	Ent. funds	Total	Science • budget	Other budget	Ent fun
Togal all Branches				•					90003
									000
Eletric power			•						A00050
									7987
Other fuels						٠			9-00
Ferrous metals	-		,				*		)P79
Chemicals and petrochemicals									N-RI
Chemicals.									CIA
Matchinebuilding and metal-	`								23 :
werking .	•								)87
OHeavy, power, transp.									0007
e e e e e e e e e	*								se 20
					*		-		elea
Comstruction materials								•	r Re
Hint indust									FC
									ved
の協er industry									prov
(a) These data are requested for each year.		1965 throu	through 1973			•	//		Ap
							_		

Table 12 Total R&D Outlays by Type of Performer, Type of Work, and Source of Funding,  $1965-1973^{\underline{a}/2}$ [Million rubles]

Other Organizations Fundamental Applied Development	Production Enterprises Fundamental Applied Development	Higher Educational Institutions Fundamental Applied Development	Of which: Academies . Fundamental Applied Development	R&D Organizations, Total Fundamental research Applied research Development	Total all Performers	Performer & Type of Work	
	•					Total	
			-			Total	
						Science budget	Direct funding
•					ŀ	Other budget	funding
	·					Ent. funds	
·			-			Total	
						Science budget	Contracts
·	.•			•		Other budget	cts
						Ent. funds	

		1		
Type of Expenditure	1950	1960	1965	1973
Total all Expenditure				•
₩ <b>9</b> 900		·		
cientists and engineers ther employees	:			
PArchase of Equipment Scientific equipment				
Alther equipment Materials, Power, etc.	:			
PMaterials Power				
Officer Expenditures				
35 tipends				
aCapital repair aOther				
00				

Table 14
USSR: Fundamental and Applied Research Outlays by Field of Science,
Selected Years, 1950-1973a/

Field of Science	1950	1960	106E	
Total, all Fields				19/3
Physics and mathematics		<b>L</b>		
Physics				
Mathematics				•
Chemistry				
Gology				
Technical sciences		•		•
Machinebuilding .			•	
etc.				0
Agricultural and veterinary sciences				
HISTORY				
Economi Cs		•		
Socialogy				
Other				
Philology			•	•
Linguistics				•
Other			•	
Geography	-			
Oceanography •			*	
Meteorology		•		
Other			1	•
Psychology				·
Medicine and pharmacy		<del>-</del>	<del></del>	*
Art		,		
Architecture Other Sciences		<del> </del>		
	_			

	Tugekmen SSR	Tadzhik SSR	Kangiz SSR	Kangakh SSR	Uzek SSR	Armienian SSR	Azzerbaidzhan SSR	Geargian SSR	McAdavian SSR	Es <b>o</b> onian SSR	La vian SSR	Li <b>s</b> huanian SSR	Be <b>G</b> orussian SSR	Ukainian SSR	(If possible, please subdivide by region)	RS69SR	od	33	Total, all Regions	Geographic Region	
	·						_	•												1950	
								•		,			•			j				1960	
									-						•	,				1965	
							٠												•	1973	
٠																٠				ω	

٠,				
þ	2000/08/23 : ŒA-	RDP79-00798Æ00	<b>p</b>	0003
	Size Classes Based on Outlays (1,000 rubles) For example: -1,500 or less 1,501 - 3,000 3,000 -10,000 10,000 or more	Size Classes Based on Employment (units) For example: 500 or less 501 - 1,000 1,001 - 3,000 3,000 or more	tal, all R&D Organizations	ଞ୍ere of organization
		•	*	1965
				1966
				1973

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1,000 or less 1,001 - 3,000 3,001 -10,000 10,001 or more

10,000 or less 10,001 - 50,000 50,001 -100,000 100,001 or more

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example

Tot鍋, all Industrial Enterprises 別 置ze Classes Based on Employment (units)

Siz&of Enterprise

USSR: R&D Outlays of Production Enterprises (Industrial Enterprises Only)
By Size of Enterprise, 1965-1973

Table 17

[Million rubles]

1965

1966

1973

e 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A00 Approved For Rel Year 1955 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1963 1964 1966 1966 1967 1971 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 Total Science budget Other Budget Enterprise funds

USSR: Table 18
Total Construction Outlays by Sources of Funding, Selected
Years, 1950-1973
[Million rubles]

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Table 19 USSR: Total Construction Outlays by Type of Expenditure, Selected Years, 1950-1973

pproved	For Rele 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A0( 00090003-1	
	1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1959 1960 1961 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971	Year
•		Total
- :		a]
		:
-		Construction and installation
; , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		ion and
• •		
		Equipment
		<b>t</b>
	•	Other expenditures

Table 20 USSR: Total Construction Outlays by Branch of the Economy, Selected Years, 1950-1973

Brangh of economy	1950	1955	1960	1965	1973
Tota <b>o</b> , all Branches					
Agri <b>du</b> lture	·· .	•			
Transportation			. ,		
Communications					
Trade supply, procurement	-				
ous and municipal services					
Education, culture, art					
lydr <b>g</b> heteorology				•	
Idmir stration and finance	•				
Other outlays not attributable to				-	
tional branches	e · ·				
or F					
oved I	<b>1</b>				
Appro	•	. •	•		
Æ	٠.	:			and the second s

1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 Table 21
USSR: Total R&D Outlays by Function, 1966-1973
[Million rubles] Total R&D Outlays Function<sup>a</sup>

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Year

a/The Soviet side is requested to provide suitable functional categories.

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Table 22
USSR: Total Preproduction or "Innovation" Outlays (Not in Science Outlays)
At Industrial Production Enterprises, Selected Years, 1950-1973

Appro	ved For Rel 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A00 0090003-1	
This column is in performed by R&D Start-up costs f	1950 1960 1965 1966 1967 1969 1970 1971 1972	. Year
intended to cove &D organizations for production (	2	Total
er the sort (designing, tooling up,		
of work th building, producing		Development <sup>a</sup> /
at would be classified as development if and testing development prototypes).  trial lot, etc.).		Other preproduction outlaysb/
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Table 23

Total Preproduction or "Innovation" Outlays (Not in Science Outlays)
At Industrial Production Enterprises by Source of Funding,
Selected years, 1950-1973

	[Million rubles]	ubles]		
Source of funding	1950	1960	1965	1973
ਹਿ <mark>ਲ</mark> ੀ, ali Sources				
Buget Further for mastering new technology Furth for development of production Gogank loans Expanditures of future periods Other sources		•		
P7		, .		

Table 24
Total Preproduction or "innovation" Outlays (Not in Science Outlays)
at Industrial Production Enterprises by Branch of Industry,
Selected Years, 1950-1973

Approved For Rele 2000	Extric power FRESTS FAGrous metals Nanferrous metals Commicals and petrochemicals Commicals and petrochemicals Machinebuilding and metalworking Limber, wood products, paper Construction materials Giass, procelain Light industry Food industry Other industry	Tetal, all Branches	B <u>m</u> anch of industry	
			1950	
. •	•		1960	٠.
			1965	
	-		55	
			1973	
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Section II. U.S. R&D EXPENDITURE SURVEY CONCEPTS, DEFINITIONS AND METHODOLOGY

Performing Sector. U.S. Data on R&D financing are collected and compiled for each of the four major sectors of the national economy. The Federal Sector is made up of the departments and agencies of the Federal Government. The industry sector consists of both manufacturing and non-manufacturing companies. Manufacturing companies are classified in major industry groupings and non-manufacturing companies, which include organizations such as those in selected service industries, are treated as a unit. FFRDC's administered by industrial firms are also included. The universities and colleges sector is composed of all institutions of higher education, both public and private. The universities and colleges sector is comprised of the following:

colleges of liberal arts
schools of arts and sciences
professional schools, such as engineering and
medical schools (including affiliated hospitals)
associated research institutions and similar
organizations which represent an integral part
of a university or college
agricultural experiment stations and associated
schools of agriculture

Institutions in the nonprofit sector fall into two general groups:

1) organizations that are primarily granting in nature, namely private philanthropic foundations and voluntary health agencies and 2) public and private organizations that are involved in performing research and development including separately incorporated nonprofit research institutes, professional societies, academies of science, museums, zoological gardens, botanical gardens, arboretums, nonprofit hospitals.

Finally, within each of the private sectors are a number of Federally Funded Research and Development Centers administered by private organizations. These centers are R&D performing organizations exclusively or substantially financed by the Federal Government, that were established to meet either a particular R&D objective or to provide major facilities at universities for research and associated training purposes.

<u>R&D Activity</u>. Research and development consist of basic and applied research in the sciences (including medical sciences) and in engineering and activities in development, as defined below.

Research, which is made up of basic and applied, is systematic, intensive study directed toward fuller scientific knowledge of the subject studied. Research in the natural sciences - life, physical and engineering - as well as the social and psychological sciences is covered in the Federal, universities and other nonprofit sectors. Industry coverage is limited at present to the natural sciences.

Basic research for three of the sectors, the Federal Government, universities and colleges, and other nonprofit institutions, is defined to stress the emphasis on activity in which the primary aim of the investigator is a fuller knowledge or understanding of the subject under To take account of an industry's commercial goals, the definition of basic research for this sector is modified to cover original investigations for the advancement of scientific knowledge which do not have specific commercial objectives although they may be in fields of present and potential interest to the reporting company.

Applied research as defined for surveys of universities and colleges is research directed toward the practical application of knowledge. take account of the unique characteristics of industrial organizations, the industry survey defines applied research as research directed toward the discovery of new scientific knowledge which has specific commercial objectives with respect to either products or processes. By this definition, applied research in industry differs from basic research chiefly in terms of objectives of the reporting company.

Development may be summarized as the systematic use of scientific knowledge directed toward the production of useful materials, devices, systems or methods including design and development of prototypes and Development includes technical activities of a non-routine nature concerned with translating research findings or other scientific knowledge into products or processes. Development does not include routing technical services to customers.

Current operating costs for research and development refer to both direct and indirect costs of research and development including. depreciation, insofar as this information is available to respondents. Included under this category are wages and salaries, materials and supplies consumed, property and other taxes, maintenance and repairs, depreciation and an appropriate share of overhead. Also included are the costs of planning and administering R&D programs.

Capital R&D expenditures are excluded from current operating costs by definition and this practice is followed in both the industry and "other nonprofit" sectors. Under the accounting practices of some Federal agencies, particularly the Department of Defense, detailed data on Federal R&D funds, which are available only in terms of obligations rather than expenditures, do not include an allowance for depreciation but do include some obligations for capital items.

Fields of science used to classify R&D expenditure data reported by the various sectors are divided into broad field categories, most of them consisting of a number of detailed fields. The broad fields are life sciences, psychology, physical sciences, environmental sciences, mathematics, engineering, social sciences and "other sciences not elsewhere classified." Specific taxonomies for fields of science are further described in the sections that follow on individual sector surveys. These taxonomies differ only in the level of detail provided.

## National R&D Expenditures

National statistics on R&D expenditures are compiled from survey data collected independently from all four sectors of the economy - Federal Government, industry, universities and colleges and other nonprofit organizations - based on the amounts each sector reports as spent for intramural research and development and the sources of such funds. While surveys have been conducted in the Federal Government and industry sectors every year since 1953, the same frequency has not been maintained for universities and colleges and other nonprofit institutions. National data for years in which data were not available for the latter two sectors are based on survey data on the performance of total research and development from the Federal and industry sectors and on estimates for the university and other nonprofit sectors.

## . Federal R&D Funding

R&D funding. Data are collected from Federal agencies in terms of expenditures and obligations. Expenditures represent the amounts for checks issued and cash payments made during a given period regardless of when the funds were appropriated. Obligations represent the amounts for orders placed, contracts awarded, services received, and similar transactions during a given period, regardless of when the funds are appropriated and when future payment of money is required. For those agencies operating on a cost type budget accrued expenditures and costs are reported instead of obligations. Accrued expenditures represent all costs accrued during the reporting period e cept those subject to reimbursement from other agencies. The information on expenditures represent net cash payments for research and development and R&D plant exclusive of any receipts of the agencies for those purposes.

Obligations and expenditures for work performed in foreign countries include funds directly available to Federal agencies and special foreign currencies separately appropriated.

0090003-1

Reporting Period. The reporting period for Federal R&D funding survey is the fiscal year which is the government accounting period beginning July 1 of one year and ending June 30 of the following calendar year. Thus, fiscal year 1973 began on July 1, 1972 and ended June 1973.

Funds for research and development are reported on a three-year basis comparable with data shown in the <u>Budget of the United States Government</u>. The data include amounts actually expended or obligated in the last completed year, amounts budgeted for the current year and amounts representing the planned budget for the next year. Data for the latter two periods are considered estimates since they do not represent completed transactions and are subject to further appropriation, apportionment or allocation decisions.

Federal Agency. An agency is an organization of the Federal Government whose principal executive officer reports to the President. The two exceptions are the Library of Congress and the Postal Service which are also included in the survey. The term "subdivision" refers to any major organizational unit of a reporting agency such as a bureau, division, office or service.

<u>Performers</u>. Performers are either intramural organizations accomplishing operational functions or extramural organizations or persons receiving support or providing services as a result of a contract or grant.

Intramural performers are the agencies of the Federal Government. Their work is carried on directly by their own personnel. Extramural performers are all organizations outside the Federal complex that perform with Federal funds under contract or grant. Only costs of actual extramural performers are reported. The cost of extramurally procurred "off the shelf" supplies and equipment required to support intramural research and development are reported as part of the cost of intramural performance.

In addition to data on domestic R&D activities that are reported by the other three sectors of the economy, Federal R&D funding data include foreign performers which are confined to foreign citizens, organizations or governments as well as international organizations, such as NATO, UNESCO and WHO, performing R&D abroad financed by the Federal Government. Excluded are payments to U.S. agencies, organizations or citizens performing research and development abroad for the Federal Government.

A final category of performers included in data on Federal Funds for R&D is described as all other miscellaneous performers not covered in the foregoing categories such as state and local governments, and private individuals.

R&D Plant. Federal R&D funding data include obligations and expenditures for R&D plant, that is, R&D facilities and fixed equipment such as reactors, wind tunnels and radio telescopes. These data include funds for the acquisition or construction of major repairs to or alterations in structures, works, equipment, facilities, or land for use in R&D activities at Federal or non-Federal installations. Excluded from the R&D plant category are expendable equipment and office furniture and equipment. Obligations for foreign R&D plant are limited to Federal funds for facilities located abroad and used in support of foreign research and development.

#### Industrial R&D Expenditures

Operating expenditures incurred by industrial organizations in the conduct of research and development in their own laboratories or other company owned or operated facilities include wages and salaries, materials and supplies consumed, property and other taxes, maintenance and repairs, depreciation and an appropriate share of overhead that excludes capital expenditures.

Federally financed research and development includes receipts for work done by the company on R&D contracts or subcontracts and R&D portions of procurement contracts and subcontracts.

Company financed research and development includes the cost of companysponsored research and development performed within the company. does not include company-financed research and development contracted to outside organizations such as research institutes, universities and colleges or other nonprofit organizations.

Geographic data on an industrial research and development expenditures include only those operations located in the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

<u>Industries</u> and <u>industry groups</u> shown separately in statistical tables are classified according to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual as follows:

Manufacturing industries:

Food and kindred products (20) Textiles and apparel (22,23) Lumber, wood products, and furniture (24,25)

Paper and allied products (26)

Chemical and allied products (28) Industrial chemicals (281-82) Drugs and medicines (283) Other chemicals (284-89)

Petroleum refining and extraction  $(29,13)^{1/2}$ Rubber products (30) Stone, clay, and glass products (32) Primary metals (33)

Ferrous metals and products (331-32,3391,3399) Nonferrous metals and products (333-36,3392)

Fabricated metal products (34) Machinery (35) . Electrical equipment and communication  $(36,48)^{1/2}$ Radio and TV receiving equipment (365) Communication equipment and electronic . components (366-67, 48) Other electrical equipment (361-64 and 369)

Motor vehicles and other transportation equipment 8(371,7 373-75, 379) Aircraft and missiles (372, 19)

Professional and scientific instruments (38) Scientific and mechanical measuring instruments (381-82)

Optical, surgical, photographic, and other instruments (383-87) Other manufacturing industries-tobacco manufacturers (21), printing and publishing (27), leather products (31), and miscellaneous manufacturing industries (39)

#### Nonmanufacturing industries:

agriculture, forestry, and fisheries (07-09); mining (10-12,14); contract construction (15-17); transportation and other public utilities (41-47,49); wholesale and retail trade (50-59); finance, insurance, and real estate (60-67); and selected service industries (739,807,891).

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{\text{Crude petroleum extraction (13)}}$  is grouped with petroleum refining (29), and communication (48) is grouped with electrical equipment (36), in the manufacturing group of industries.

A reporting unit for industry R&D expenditure data is the company or corporate family which includes all establishments under common ownership or control. Similarly each company is classified in a single size category on the basis of its total employment.

The industry R&D survey sample encompasses all manufacturing industries and those non-manufacturing industries known on the basis of earlier more detailed samples to conduct or to finance research and development. The sampling unit for the survey is the company, defined as a business organization consisting of one or more establishments under common ownership or control. All manufacturing companies with 1,000 or more employees in 1967, as determined from the 1967 Economic Censuses Enterprise Statistics multi-unit file, are included in the samples with certainty. Manufacturing companies with fewer than 1,000 employees are sampled at rates depending upon their industry and employment size as determined in the 1967 Economic Censuses Enterprise Statistics multi-unit file and the 1967 Census of Manufacturing universe file. For non-manufacturing industries, the sample was based on the 1966 records of the Social Security Administration.

Approximately 8,000 manufacturing and non-manufacturing companies were represented in the 1971 sample. More than 1,800 of the companies included were "certainty" companies which account for almost 95 percent of the total R&D performance funds. The probabilities of being selected in the industry survey range from one change in 200 (.005) to certainty (1.000).

#### Universities and Colleges R&D Expenditures

Current expenditures for separately budgeted R&D include direct and indirect costs for research and development performed under a grant or contract from the Federal Government, State Government, industrial organizations, etc., and R&D paid for from institutions own funds which were designated or budgeted by the institution for such use.

Non-separately budgeted R&D Expenditures include amounts reported in addition to separately budgeted R&D expenditures representing departmental research and other R&D activities for which universities and colleges do not maintain separate records. These amounts are estimated by institutions and include funds allocated to departmental research by the various academic departments as well as so e indirect costs associated with R&D performance.

The coverage of the survey of universities and colleges survey includes some 800 institutions of higher education in the United States and U.S. possessions which are known to have R&D programs in the sciences and engineering. These institutions are sent mail questionnaires after which intensive follow-up procedures are employed with the larger universities resulting in obtaining R&D expenditures data comprising about 95 percent of all R&D expenditures at universities and colleges. Totals reported for this sector include estimates for nonresponse made from information compiled from secondary sources.

#### Nonprofit R&D Expenditures

Current R&D Expenditures include direct and indirect costs for R&D performed with funds provided by other organizations or from institutions' own funds.

The coverage of the survey of independent nonprofit research organizations includes some 500 to 600 facilities which are surveyed by mail. Follow-up for non-response is conducted by mail or, in the case of the largest intramural R&D performers, by telephone. The criteria for including a research institution in this sector is based primarily on its independent and tax exempt status with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service. There is no single directory or source document from which a complete mailing list of nonprofit organizations which perform research and development is available. Organization's are selected for surveying, therefore, from mailing lists used in previous surveys and a number of specialized directories. The number of such organizations with R&D expenditures totalling \$100,000 or more excluded from the survey is believing to be extremely small.

#### Functional Distribution of Federal R&D Obligations

Scope and coverage. Data on Federal R&D obligations by function, (or R&D objective) presents a distribution of Federal funding by 16 individual functions representing the major purposes for which U.S. R&D efforts are committed. This distribution is made by National Science Foundation staff based on data compiled for the Budget of the United States Government and on agency reports to the National Science Foundation on R&D obligations.

The data on Federal outlays by function and subfunction are taken directly from the budget document. Interest is excluded as a function as is general revenue sharing the annual totals used for computation of shared relationships represents total outlays minus interest general revenue sharing and special allowances plus undistributed adjustments. No information is available to permit distribution of offsetting receipts among the various subfunctions.



II-9.

Classifications and definitions. The definitions of functions and subfunctions are implicit in their titles and content. Each function under the budget arrangement embraces the agency's components whose primary mission is related to that function. R&D programs of each agency's subdivision or program are classified into a single function since multiple functions would cause programs to overlap and add to more than 100 percent of total R&D expenditures.

U.S.: Transfers of funds expended annually for performance of research and development by sector, distributed by source, 1953-73

[Millions of dollars]

Table 1

Approved For Rele

2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79:00198A000

Total R&D Total funds used Federal Government Federal Govern-ment Source Total funds used Federal Govern-ment Industry Sources Industry Total funds used Federal Govern-ment Universities and colleges Industry and colleges Sources Other nonprofit institu-tions Associated FFRDC's Total funds used Federal Govern-ment Source Total funds used Other nonprofit institution Federal Govern-ment Sources Industry Approved For Release 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A000500090003-1

e 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP7500798A00

Transfers of funds expended annually for performance of basic research by sector, distributed by source, 1953-73 [Millions of dollars] Table 2

Approved For Reit e 2000/	08/23 : CIA-RDP/\$500/98400 100003-1		
	•		_
	Total basic research.	·	
	Total funds used	Government	Federal
	Federal Govern- ment	Source	ral
	Total funds used		
	Federal Govern- ment	Sources	1
	Industry	es	
	Total funds used		
	Federal Govern- ment		Univer
	Industry	Sot	Universities and colleges
	Sities and col- leges		olleges
	profit institutions	Ther non-	0
	Total funds used		Asso FFR
-	Govern- ment	Source	Associated FFRDC's
	funds used	. 1	0.4
	Government		er nonprof
Approved For Release 2000/	08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A000500090003-1	Sources	Other nonprofit institutions
	instruction	3.0	suc
·			

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Table 3

Table 3

Table 3

Table 3

Table 3 [Millions of dollars]

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		Total applied research	-:	
		Total funds used		Federal Government
		Federal Govern- ment	Source	ral nent
		Total funds used		
7		Federal Govern- ment	Sources	Industry
		Industry	ces	
		Total funds used		
		Federal Govern- ment		Hniva
	•	Industry	S(	Universities and colleges
		Univer- sities and col- leges	Sources	collogae
*		Other non- profit institu- tions		
		Total funds used	- 77	Asso
*		Federal Govern- ment	Source	Associated
		Total funds used		
		Federal Govern- ment	Other nonprofit institutions Sources	
	/02 - OIA DDD70 00700	Industry	Sources	
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2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00795000

Year

Total develop-ment

Total funds used

Federal Govern-ment

Total funds .

Federal Govern-ment

Industry .

Total funds used

Federal Govern-ment

Industry and col- leges tions

Total funds used

Federal Govern-ment

Total funds used

Federal Govern-ment

Source

Federal Government

U.S.:

Table 4
Transfers of funds expended annually for performance of development by sector, distributed by source, 1953–73

Industry

Sources

[Millions of dollars]

Universities and colleges

Associated FFRDC's

Other nonprofit institutio

Source

Sources

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Industry Sources Oth pro insti

11-13

Table 5

II-14

U.S.: Trends in defense, space, and all other R&D outlays, by source, 1953-73

1953           	rear	<b>4</b>
	Total	De a
	Defense related	Defense-space outlays as a percent of total R&D
	Space related	ys as R&D
	Total	Nond
	Non- Federal.	as a percent of total R&D
	Federal	e outlays total R&D

0090003-1

Table 6
[Millions of dollars]

	*	Estimates
Agency	1964	1973 1974
Total, all agencies		•
Departments :		
Department of Agriculture		
Department of the Army		
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare  Department of the Interior  Department of Transportation	2	
Other Agencies		
Atomic		
National Aeronautics and Space  Madministration		
Veterans A All Other	•	

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11-16

Table 7
Federal expenditures for R&D plant, by agency, fiscal years 1964-74

0090003-1 Table 8 U.S.: Federal obligations for research and development, by agency, fiscal years 1964-74 (Millions of dollars)

II-1-7

		Estimates
Agency	1964	1973 1974
Total all agencies		
Departments :		
Department of Agriculture		
Department of the Army		
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare  Department of the Interior  Department of Transportation	D	anning (1 december) yang antara sang a
Other Agencies		
Atomic Energy Commission		- Ann St. Ann St. Springer and Ann St. St. Springer and St. Springer and St. Springer and Springer and Springer

Atomic Energy Commission	Other Agencies	Department of Health, Education, and Welfare  Department of the Interior  Department of Transportation	Department of the Army	Department of Agriculture	Departments :	Total, all agencies	Agency	
				••••			1964	
A STAN STAN STAN STAN STAN STAN STAN STA	Carlosta e	مغرب المستورة المستو ولا من مستورة المستورة		nhagetheurea dinaurgure nervierter) e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	and the state of t		1973 1974	Estimates

The state of the s

Table 10 Federal obligations for basic research, by selected agency, fiscal years 1964-74 (Millions of dollars)

II-20

		Estimates
Agency	1964	- 1973 1974
Total		
	•	
Department of Agriculture		
Department of Commerce	•	
Department of Defense		
and Welfare		
Department of the Interior		
Department of Transportation		
Environmental Protection Agency		
Administration		
National Science Foundation		,
Veterans Administration	•	
All others		

	Department of Defense	Total	Agency	Table 12 U.S.: Federal obligations for development, by selected agency, fiscal (Millions of dollars)
			1964	ed agency, fiscal years 1964-74 s)
•			Estimates 1973 19	
798	A000500090003		1974 ·	11-21

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Estimates 1973

Approved For Release 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP79-00798A000500090003-1

	Table 14 (Millions of dollars)	former, fiscal years 1964-74 s)		
			Estimate	mate
	Performer	1964	1973	
	Total			
	Federal intramural	•		
• •	Industrial firms	•		
	FFRDC's administered by universities			
	Other nonprofit institutions		•	
	All other performers			

U.S.: Federal obligations for development, by performer, fiscal years 1964-74 (Millions of dollars) Table 15

	•		,		•	•			
		· .		Univer FFRDC' Other All ot	Federal ir Industrial		Tota	Performer	
	÷			ies imir per	l intra	1 1 2 2	a]	mer	
				and col listered fit inst formers	intramural.				
				lleges. d by ur titutio				•	
				niversi ons		-			
	:	• •, •	•	ties					
		:			<del>- 1</del>	•		1964	
				•	F			1	
•								1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
								1 1	
				,	·		•	1	
•				-				1973	Estimates
		•	•					1974	ates
Approved For Release 2000/08/2	23 : CIA	-RDP79	9-007	798A0005	00090	003	-1		

		T
Field of Science	1964	1973 1974
Total all fields		
Life sciences		
Physical sciences Environmental sciences Mathematics Engineering Engineering		
Other sciences	::	
	3	

	ences l sci	Field of science 1964	
	•	1973	Estimates
		1974	ates
Approved For Release 2000/08/23 : CIA-RDP7	9-00798A000500090003-1 <sub> </sub>		

Table 17 U.S. : Federal obligations for applied research, by field of science, fiscal years 1964-74 (Millions of dollars)

Outlying areas Offices abroad	Pacific	 New England	Division and State United States, total	U.S. : Federal obligations for a
			1963 – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	Table 18 ons for research and development, by geographic al years 1963, 1965, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971 and (Millions of dollars)
	9	*	1972	graphic division 971 and 1972

Outlying areas	Pacific. Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington		New Hampshire	New England. Connecticut. Maine	United States, total	U.S.: Federal obligations for R& fiscal years 1963, 19  Division and State	
						Federal obligations for R&D plant, by geographic division and State, fiscal years 1963, 1965, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, and 1972  (Millions of dollars)  on and State  1963 1972	
		o				on and State, nd 1972	

Table 20

U.S.: Federal R&D expenditures by function, subfunction, and agency program under an alternative classification system, fiscal years 1963-74 [Dollars in millions]

Function, subfunction, and agency program	1963	- f 	1974	
Total, all functions				
Health, total				
Development of health resources, total	-	•		
National Institutes of Health	4,	•		
Medical and prosthetic research(VA)				
Commerce and industry, total				
Regional economic development, total		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Economic Development Administration(Commerce)				
Assistance to industry, total				
Office of Minority Business Enterprise(Commerce) Small Business Administration				
Regulation of industry, total	• .	-		
Federal Trade Commission	•			
			-	

# Table 21 U.S.: Funds for research and development, by industry, 1956-1973 (Dollars in millions)

•			
		07-12,14-17,41-47, 49-67,739,807,891	
Ар	•	381-82 383-87 21-27-31-30	mechanical measuring instrumentscal, photographic, and other instruments ing industries
" proved F		371,373-75,379 372,19 38	nd other transportation equipment
or Relea		365 366-67,48 361-64,369	n equipment and electronic components ical equipment
se 2000/0		34 35 36,48	Machigery  El Fical equipment and communication  Radio and TV receiving
8/23 : C		331-32,3391,3399 333-36,3392	
: :IA-RDP79-0		29,13 30 32 ,	refinicoducts ay, and etals
00798A00		281-82 283 284-89	Diags and medicines Other chemicals
0500090003-		20 22,23 24,25 26	ז טו בעני ז
1			Ş
- 1973	1956	•	Total
		SIC code	industry and size of company
			.

Table 22 Federal funds for research and development, by industry 1957-1973(Dollars in millions)

e seminate menter in der general und der in der	and the state of t	and the same of th
	21,27,31,39	Other manufacturing industries
	381-82 383-87	Eientific and mechanical measuring instruments  Attical, surgical, photographic, and other instruments
	371,373-75,379 372,19 38	Motor vehicles and other transportation equipment Aincraft and missiles
	365 366-67,48 361-64,369	Adio and TV receiving equipment
	34 35 36,48	Fabricated metal products
*	331-32,3391,3399 333-36,3392	Herrous metals and products
	29 <b>,1</b> 3 30 32 32 33	Percoleum refining and extraction
	281-82 283 284-89	Aner chemicals
•	22,23 24,25 26 28	Textiles and apparel
19	20	Food and kindred products
193/ 19/3		•
•	SIC code	Industry

U.S.: Company funds for research and development, by industry 1957-1973 Table 23

(Dollars in millions)

Industry	SIC code	
Total		1957 1973
Distribution by industry		
kind	20	•
Textiles and apparel	22,23 24,25	0000:
	26 28	50009
H	281-82	.0005
Rugs and medicines	283 284-89	798A
Petgoleum refining and extraction	29,13	9-00
Stope, clay, and glass products	30	RDP7
		CIA-
Nenferrous metals and products	333-36,3392	23 : (
Falacated metal products	34	D/08/
Atrical equipment and communication	36,48	2000
Radio and TV receiving equipment	365 366-67,48	lease
	361-64,369	r Rel
Mothr vehicles and other transportation equipment	371,373-75,379	ed Fo
Prodessional and scientific instruments	38:	rove
Spientific and mechanical measuring instruments Optical, surgical, photographic, and other instruments	381-82 ·	Арр
Other manufacturing industries	21,27,31,39 07-12,14-17,41-47,	
	49-67,739,807,891	

Table 24
U. S.: Funds for research and development, by industry and size of company, 1956-1973a/

11-33

	•		•		
				21,27,31,39 07-12,14-17,41-47 49-67,739,807,891	Other manufacturing industries
				381-82 383-87	Scientific and machanical measuring instruments
				371,373-75,379 372,19 38	Motor vehicles and other transportation equipment
0				365 366-67,48 361-64,369	Radio and TV receiving equipment Communication equipment and electronic components
				34 35 36,48	Fabricated metal products
				331-32,3391,3399 333-36,3392	Ferrous metals and products
				29,13 30 32 33	Petroleum refining and extraction
				281-82 283. 284-89	Industrial chemicals
				20 22,23 24,25 26,26 28	Food and kindred products
					Total
Companies with total employment of 1,000 to 5,000 to 10,000 4,999 9,999 or more	mpanies with to employment of 1,000 to 5,0 4,999 9,	Less than	Total	SIC code	Industry
of dollars	ons of d	Millions			

10

## [Dollars in millions]

Distribution by size of company  (based on number of employees)  pess than 1,000	ifacturing industries	equipment and electronic	ducts	Apetroleum refining and extraction	70 Industrial chemicals	Shemicals and allied products	O Distribution by industry	Total	
			·	·					
Approved Fo				,		,			

Table 26
U. S.: Funds for basic research, by selected industry and field of science, 1957-1973a/

[Dollars in millions]

Aircraft and missiles Nonmanufacturing industries .	Selectronic components  Other electrical equipment .	dommunication	Facicated metal products	e products	Genterrous metals and products	Primary metals	Attraction	Pe <b>f</b> foleum refining and	Other chemicals	Ondustrial chemicals	8A	Teggiles and apparel Proper and allied products	and kindred products	0003	1 Total	Industry
372,19 07-12,14-17,41-47, 49-67,739,807,891	366-67,48 361-64,369	36,48		333-36,3392	331-32,3391,3399	33	29,13		283 284–89	281-82	28	22,23	20			SIC code
																Total
								•		•						Physical sciences
											,					Mathe-
,							·									Environ- mental sciences
				-					•						•	Engineering (including metallurgy)
	e e							·	·							Life sciences
À	oprove	d For	Releas	e 20	00/08	/23 :	CIA	-RD	P79-	0079	BA00	050	009	0003	s-1	Other sciences

		,						خفية مشاه يني ويقت موان		· 
Aircraft and parts  Professional and scientific instruments  Other product fields, not elsewhere classified	Communication equipment and electronic components  Motor vehicles and other transportation equipment  Motor vehicles and equipment  Other transportation equipment	Electrical equipment, except communication  Electric transmission and distribution equipment  Electrical industrial apparatus	and t chiner ction, rking compu	Fabricated metal products	Ferrous metals and products	Drugs and medicines	Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals  Plastics materials and synthetic resins, rubber, and fibers Agricultural chemicals  Other chemicals	Atomic energy devices  Ordnance, except guided missiles  Guided missiles and spacecraft  Food and kindred products  Textile mill products  Chemicals, except drugs and medicines	Total	Product field
372,19 38	365-67 37,except372 371 373-75,379	36,except365-67 361 362 363-64,369	351 352 353 354 357 balance of 35	34 35	331-32,3391,3399 333-36,3392	283 29,13 30 32 33	281 282 287 284-89	19,except192 192 20 22 28,except283		SIC code
			3			*				1959 1973

Table 28 U.S.: Distribution of R&D costs, by industry and type of cost, 1962-1973  $\frac{a}{}$ 

 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					. (		<u>.</u>	•	١.	L.	
Other manufacturing industries	Scientific and mechanical measuring instruments Optical, surgical, photographic, and other instruments	Motor vehicles and other transportation equipment Aircraft and missiles	Radio and TV receiving equipment	Fabricated metal products	Perrous metals and products	Petroleum refining and extraction Rubber products Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metals	Industrial chemicals  Drugs and medicines  Other chemicals	Food and kindred products  Textiles and apparel  Lumber, wood products, and furniture  Paper and allied products  Chemicals and allied products	Total	Industry	
 21,27,31,39 07-12,14-17,41-47 49-67,739,807,891	381-82 383-87	371,373-75,379 372,19 38	365 366-67,48 361-64,369	34 35 36,48	33 <b>1-32,</b> 3391, 3399 333-36, 3392	29,13 30 32 32	281-82 283 284-89	20, 22,23 24,25 26 26		SIC code	
		•			,	•				Coverage ratio	
		<del></del>							ig E	R&D costs	
			•					· ·		Wages Scientists and sengineers po	Millions of
	a:====					1			·	es Supporting personnel	dollars
•	•				*					Materials and supplies	
									·	Other R&D costs	

These data are available for each year, 1962 through 1973.

Table 29

Geographic distribution of funds for industrial research and development, 1962-1973

ALASKA	California	Oregon	Washington	Pacific			 			- · -	Connecticut	Rhode Island	Massachusetts	vermont	New Hamnehire	Maine	MUM PHOPPHIA	Not England	NORTHFAST	UNITED STATES, TOTAL	Thirmp on the court	Area	
										-	•			•		•		• .					
							i									÷		•		•		1962 1973	

Table 30

Current expenditures for research and development in universities and colleges, by source of funds, 1953-1973

[Dollars in millions]

1953	Year
	Total R&D performance
	Federal Government
*	Source of funds State and local governments Indust
	f funds Industry
	Other nonprofit institutions
	Universities' and colleges' own funds

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Current expenditures for research and development in universities and colleges, by State, 1964-1973

					•		•	
	Washington Oregon	Pacific	•		• • •	Maine	United States, total	State
					•	•		1964
								1965
- 3.				:	•		1	1966
		•		•				1967
	•			·				1968
				,			-	1969
								1970
								1971
						•	,	1972
	9							1973

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s:: Federal expenditures for research and development in universities and colleges, by State, 1964-1973 Table 32

Redetat cylinterion to the second	•	1		; 							
State	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	·
United States, total	·			·							
New England			•	· ·		•			-		
Maine	.:				,						
New Hampshire											,.
			•						<del></del>	,	
•	<u> </u>										
	. *										
•				<del>- 1</del>							
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•	•									<del></del>	
· •	•										
						<del>, _ ,</del>					
Pacific		<del></del>			·					67	
Washington						•	-				
Oregon											
Alaska									-	•	
Hawaii					•	•	э.				

Current expenditures for R&D in universities and colleges, by field of science, and source of funds, 1964-1973

[Dollars in thousands]

Federal Government Other sources Engineering Federal Government Other sources  Physical sciences Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government Other sources  Federal Government  Other sciences  Federal Government	Field of science and source of funds
•	1964
	1965
	1966
•	1967
	1968
3	1969
	1970
	1971
	1972
	1973

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Table 34
U. S.: Percent distribution of selected financial, employment, and educational characteristics of scientific and engineers activities of universities and colleges, by institutional group ranked on the basis of R&D expenditures, 1968-1973a/

Λnn	All	Tench To	Nin	Eigh	Seve	Fif	FOUND	Th:	First	Λ E\$DD	79-00798		003-1
	læther institutions e e c c	est 100 · · · · · · · ·	10	th 10	Seventh 10	10	\$h 10	TO	10	Teral, all institutions .	a-000	2 2 4	υ <b>υ</b> υ-1
available for		•		*	-						Total		
			. ,		•	•		•			Federal Government	Current R&D expenditures	
. 1968 th					1						Other sources		[Do11
each year, 1968 through 1973.											expenditures for instruction	Total	[Dollars in thousands
											Total	Capital resear	ds]
								0			Federal Government	apital expenditures foresearch, development,	
											Other	res for pment,	
			•				,				Scientists and engineers		•
											Total P	Degrees Sant in the spend and engispert	٠
Арр	roved	For I	Rele	eas	e 20	00/	08/	23	: Cl	A-RDF	79 <b>907</b> 98	A0 <b>(3)</b> 50 (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	003-1

4a/ These data are available for each year, 1968 through 1973.

[Dollars in thousands]

Type of institution  Total Government sources  Doctorate Master's		Tota	Total capital expenditur	ures
Total	Type of institution	Total	Federal Government	Other sources
Master's	Total	•		
Master's	Doctorate		-	
Bachelor's	Master's	*		
No science degree	Bachelor's			
	No science degree			

Table 36

U. S.: Current expenditures for intramural R&D performance of independent nonprofit institutions, by source of funds, 1953-1973

[Dollars in millions]

		: Total	Federal Government	Industry	Other sources
1953	• *	•	·	•	
• • •	·				
• • • •			- ·	•	
		, , ·			3
• • •		,			
1973	•		¢	· •	

Table 37 Current expenditures for R&D performance of independent nonprofit institutions, by source of funds and R&D expenditure-size class, 1964-1973

[Dollars in thousands]

	<b>1</b>				
	·	. `	R&D expenditure-size class	-size class	
Source of funds	Total	Less than \$500	\$500 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 or more
Total					• .
Federal Government					
Industry				:	

Current expenditures for R&D performance of independent nonprofit institutions, by field of science Table 38

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[Dollars in thousands]

Field of science	1964	1966	1969	1973
Total	·			
Ingineering				
Mathematics				
ife sciences	-×-		one or the second	
Spring sciences			,	
Other sciences, n.e.c				

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CENTER FOR POLICY ALTERNATIVES

MIT Building 39-547

CABLE ADDRESS: MIT CAM TWO NUMBER: (710) 320-0058 CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS 02139 (617) 253-1661

April 9, 1974

Dr. E. E. Grishayev Head, Department of Finance and Capital Investment State Committee of the Council of Ministers Moscow, U.S.S.R.

Dear Dr. Grishayev:

The United States members of the working subgroup on financial research and development statistics have been deeply involved over the past several weeks in identifying data on Soviet research and development expenditures which United States analysts feel will be needed for comparative studies on United States and U.S.S.R. levels of effort in research and development. Similarly, financial data on United States research and development for use by Soviet analysts have been selected for your consideration and relevant information on United States definitions concepts and survey methodologies is being prepared.

I expect the work on this phase of the study program to be completed in the very near future so that the material can y ospe sent to you by the end of April. I am looking forward to receiving comparable material prepared by you and your associates.

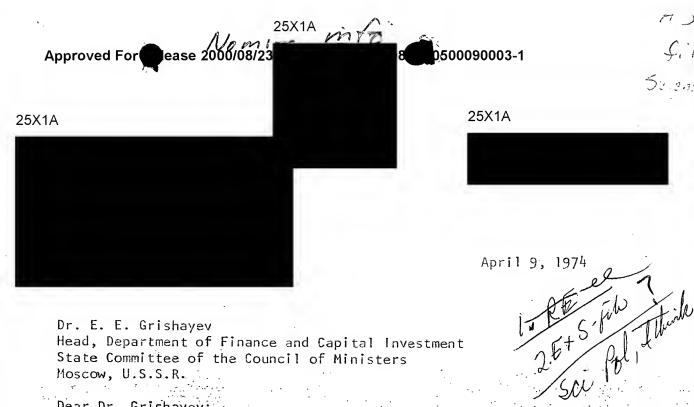
I am sorry you were unable to attend the November meeting held in Washington, D.C. It was a pleasure, however, meeting and working with Dr. Maslennikov. Please give him my warmest regards.

Sincerely,

Center for Policy Alternatives

WS:JDV

Science police



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25 Mincerely,

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WS: JDV

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